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5	Jamestown Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners
4	Summations of Appeals of Decisions of
3	
2	PREHEARING BOARD
1	RHODE ISLAND WATER RESOURCES

March 12, 2025 1

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1 APPEARANCES 2 On Behalf of the Appellants, Glenn and Marjorie Andreoni: 3 DUFFY & SWEENEY, LTD. BY: JOELLE ROCHA, ESQUIRE 4 321 South Main Street Providence, RI 02903 5 On Behalf of the Appellants, Paul and Gail 6 Frechette: 7 MORNEAU & MURPHY BY: CHRISTIAN INFANTOLINO, ESQUIRE 8 77 Narragansett Avenue Jamestown, RI 02835 9 10 On Behalf of the Appellants, Stephen Zimniski and Suzanne Gagnon: 11 DESAUTEL BROWNING LAW BY: MARISSA DESAUTEL, ESQUIRE 12 38 Bellevue Avenue Unit B 13 Newport, RI 02845 14 15 On Behalf of the Appellants, Jeffrey Saletin and Deborah L. Furness Saletin: 16 PARTRIDGE, SNOW & HAHN, LLP BY: MICHAEL MINEAU, ESQUIRE 17 40 Westminster Street Suite 1100 Providence, RI 02903 18 19 On Behalf of Jamestown Board of Water and Sewer 20 Commissioners: 21 DESISTO LAW BY: KATHLEEN DANIELS, ESQUIRE 4 Richmond Square 22 Suite 500 Providence, RI 02906 23 24 25



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Y, ACTING MANAGER	
COUNSEL	
	CHAIRPERSON



(HEARING COMMENCED AT 10:31 A.M.) 1 2 MS. BRADY: Good morning, everybody. I'm going to call this meeting of the Water Resources 3 4 Board Prehearing Panel to order. We do have one 5 audience member remote. One of the parties could not 6 attend in person, but we won't be interacting with 7 them remotely. We will just be using Zoom both to --8 I'm going to actually start again with the recording. 9 We have another alternate recording through Zoom. 10 They can hear the proceedings. 11 If everybody could make sure, I'm trying to speak 12 Hopefully everybody can hear me. I tend to have up. 13 a loud voice anyway. If people can try to speak up 14 and not talk to their papers, that would be ideal. A 15 couple of small administrative matters, let's do the 16 Infrastructure Bank, who loaned us this conference 17 room, a favor, if you could stick your water on the 18 There are a couple of piles here throughout coaster. That would be terrific. Just make sure 19 the room. 20 we're not going to leave a mark behind.

This is the prehearing panel. We are a subgroup of the Water Resources Board. Our mission is to come up with a recommendation for the full Water Resources Board. We will not be making a decision. We will be trying to come up with another time for a public



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1 discussion and findings at a future date. We 2 originally set that for April 8, but the Town cannot 3 make that date.

So at the end of this meeting we will be talking about setting a date to make sure that we move forward with this process. Also, if you would bear with us, this is our first time with this Prehearing Panel and moving through this regulatory process with passage of a state law in 2022. We had to develop regulations for this particular process, and this is the first time we're exercising those regulations. So bear with us while we get our bearings here today.

I'd like to just do a go-round and have everybody introduce themselves. I know many of the people in the room right now. Let's make sure. So I'm Meredith Brady, chairing the Prehearing Board. I'm the head of the Division of Statewide Planning, also a member of the Water Resources Board itself.

MR. CRAWLEY: Cathy Crawley, I'm the acting general manager for the Rhode Island Water Resources Board, also an employee of the Division of Planning.

23 MR. SMITH: Matthew Smith, deputy chief, 24 human services, Department of Administration. Part of 25 my assignment is the Water Resources Board, so I'm



1 here with all you lovely people. 2 MR. DESAUTEL: Good morning, Marissa 3 Desautel. I represent Stephen Zimniski and Suzanne 4 Gagnon. 5 MR. MINEAU: Good morning, Michael 6 I'm here on behalf of Jeffrey Saletin and Mineau. 7 Deborah Saletin. 8 MS. DANIELS: Kathlees Daniels, here on behalf of the Town. 9 MR. INFANTOLINO: Christian Infantolino 10 11 on behalf of Gail and Paul Frechette. 12 MS. ROCHA: Good morning, Joelle Rocha on 13 behalf of the Andreonis. MR. KINZELL: Zakary Kinzell, member of 14 15 the Water Resources Board. 16 MR. HOUDE: Russ Houde, member of the 17 Water Resources Board. 18 MS. BRADY: Can we get the back wall, 19 please? 20 MR. MYHERN: Ryan Myhern, here with Joelle on behalf of Mr. & Mrs. Andreoni. 21 22 MS. ARCE: Julissa Arce, here with Joelle 23 on behalf of the Andreonis. 24 MR. ANDREONI: Glenn Andreoni, the 25 applicant.



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18 period for the Town. We have set aside from 11:40 t	te
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19 12:30 for board members' questions and discussion.	
20 We have on our agenda that we could take	
21 potential action, which would be making that	
22 recommendation from the panel to the board today.	
23 don't know that we will get to that. We want to make	е
24 sure there's been a lot of paperwork sent back ar	d
25 forth. We want to make sure we're focussing on all	



the appropriate points.

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There has been a handout provided, I think, to everyone at the table which has the map, which we also have up on the screen behind our stenographer. You can certainly refer to that, if you need to. I thought it would be good -- I think geographically. I don't know about the rest of you. I thought it would be good for people to see the subject matter in front of you today.

So with that, I don't know if the parties have talked amongst yourselves and figured out who is going first.

MS. ROCHA: One point of clarification on this map, because this isn't consistent with how the rural water district is defined. We're all in the north, which is also the rural water district. It's, rather than all four of us raising this issue --

MS. CRAWLEY: We believe it is consistentwith the 2018 water supply system management map.

20 MS. ROCHA: There may be a typo in that 21 plan. The regulations define the rural water district 22 as everything that isn't in the urban water district. 23 There is a map in the regulations.

24 MS. CRAWLEY: Okay. We did receive this 25 from the Town, so we will make that point.



1 MS. ROCHA: Okay, thank you. 2 MS. BRADY: Thank you for that information. That is appreciated. I don't know 3 amongst those, amongst the applicants, have you had 4 any conversation about who is going first with the 5 6 ten-minute summation? 7 MS. ROCHA: I think we just assumed the 8 order. 9 MS. BRADY: That's fine. I didn't know 10 if we needed to change it from the order in any way. 11 MS. ROCHA: Thank you, all, for being 12 here and for bearing with us all on these, I quess, 13 feet of paperwork on this. As you know, we're here before you on this appeal under the very same 2022 14 15 statutory amendments, which are front and center to 16 the issue in this appeal. 17 Those 2022 statutory amendments did two things: 18 One is create a statewide standard applied to all 19 public water suppliers when it came to determinations 20 on extensions of water supply. The second one was to 21 create this appeal process. I can appreciate -- I 22 almost had the first one. Now I still have the first 23 one. 24 We had previously filed an appeal, but like the

We had previously filed an appeal, but like the Chairwoman said, there were no regulations, and we



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1 eventually settled that first appeal. Despite the 2 hundreds and thousands of whatever it is pages of 3 briefings and exhibits in this appeal, it really is 4 The appeal before this board is whether the simple. 5 decision of the local Jamestown board was arbitrary or 6 capricious or an abuse of discretion, erroneous or in 7 violation of the law.

8 As this board reviews the local board's decision 9 under 46-15-2(b), that is specific in your appeals 10 standard, it cites that section with the standards, that Section 2(b) in the law. There is no dispute 12 that this board has jurisdiction over the water 13 district as a public water supplier under Chapter 15 of the law, under various other chapters as an 15 oversight authority, along with other state agencies 16 like the Department of Health.

To provide some quick background of this section where the standards exist, you know, the first part of 46-15 talks about that the water district cannot expand beyond their jurisdiction without approval from this board. The second section said, except for within their boundaries, or which has been determined by the courts to be the municipal boundaries, they do not need the Water Resources Board approval.

What happened in 2022, and I was at those

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hearings, was the General Assembly passed a statute saying you can review those applications, but we're going to provide some applicable standards. Water suppliers, you can do less than here, but this is the heightened burdens that we're going to apply statewide. It is a high burden, as we'll talk about in a minute.

The really simple question is, did my clients meet those standards? That, as far as I can see, as far as the record can tell, is undisputed. We meet every single one of those standards from the record, from testimony in the record of experts. The question before the board is the fact that we were denied despite meeting those standards, is it an abuse of those, is it arbitrary and capricious?

The appeal should begin and end with that analysis. Instead, most of this paper is the local board's attempt at a very twisted journey that it's taken the board, the applicants and the public to do everything in their power to not apply the 2022 state law standards. In fact, there's never been an instance since 2022 that they have applied those standards.

The whole basis for a denial is the application of the local board's own standards, which went into



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place in 2009. In 2009 those regulations were amended for purposes of the rural water district. They began to distinguish between connections and extensions in the rural water district. They provide this pretty convoluted standard. You have to do this, this. You know, you cannot impact fire.

Then they say, but extensions are prohibited. Then there is a catch-all at the end that says, but when we feel like it and feel like you might be helping existing users, we can allow an extension. What really happened from 2009 to 2021 is every extension that was applied for was granted. That standard is nowhere in those records.

Fast-forward to the first appeal that was before you that you didn't get to hear was the CLP trust, which is about 100/150 feet from my client's line. That should have, we should have been in the same situation, but that matter settled. So the argument from the Town is that those regulations still apply.

As I read the argument, it is that the board, the local board has some heightened authority to, before we even get to these state standards, say are we going to allow the extension in the first place? That this 1968 public law, which is simply an authorization for the board to exist in the first place, similar to a



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1 charter of any other public water supplier, town, 2 quasi governmental agency that sets up a board or an 3 entity in that sense, their reliance on, is two parts 4 in that public law, which says the board can provide 5 water to the Town, or parts thereof, is the first 6 citation.

The second citation is that in the Town's -sorry, we're going to say Town and board interchangeably -- is that they can enact local regulations is basically what the Town says. That language actually in the public law says that the board shall adopt bylaws for the transaction of its affairs, which is substantially different. It's voting, membership, things like that.

Back in 1968 that was because the council was not the board membership. That's all it does. It talks about bonding and taxes and things like that. What the local board has attempted to do in this is make that public law into something it very much is not, or language that is not there.

They conflate their local regulations as effectively as this heightened special authority, which is not in the public law at all. Public law does not speak about standards or beyond that. Moreover, there is no conflict between the 2022



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1 amendments, state law and the public law. There are 2 zero conflicts. It says you can provide water to the 3 Town or parts thereof.

The 2022 state law doesn't say you can provide water to the entire Town. In fact, it's a very high burden. You need to show you can't dig a well. You need to show all these other requirements. What's baffling is the arguments that well, no, we get to decide at first before we apply the standards whether we're going to allow the extension under this arbitrary, are you going to improve water quantity and quality?

13 But the first standard in state law is, is that 14 extension prohibited in your water supply management 15 I'll tell you what the Town hasn't been since plan? 16 2022, because they haven't applied the law. They 17 don't intend to apply the law. There is no water 18 existing management plan amended to address the 2022 19 law immediately, until later on when they're in 20 litigation and realize, as you can see from the 21 settlement states and the moratorium that I attached, 22 that they have a problem.

23 Well, there is no language prohibiting these 24 extensions in the water supply management plan. So 25 what's happening with the Town's position is they want



1 to say the 1968 public law gives us all this authority 2 that isn't in there. They want to mix it in with 3 water supply management plan regulations. They want 4 to confuse all three. There are very specific 5 authorities, each of them, that don't rise to the 6 level of a superseding, of superseding public law.

At the end of the day -- and much more is in the briefing. You know, I want to be conscious of my brothers and sisters who have arguments as well, but it really is that simple. It really is are we going to read a public law -- and this has pretty significant implications. Are we going to read a public law so broadly that state law doesn't apply?

There is no conflict. The regulations, the standards and state law apply when an extension is applied for. The Town has never prohibited applications for extensions, but for this moratorium that doesn't apply to us.

You heard a lot -- I'll end with this: You'll hear a lot in the Town's brief about we have a capacity issue. This is the end of the universe. This is going to end it. This is why that state 23 standard is so high and why it can be less for districts that have plenty of water.

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We have to show a significant burden, and we've



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met it here. But the Town has taken no actions across 1 2 the board if there is a true capacity issue to stop 3 new construction. They are within that authority to do that under state law, including law that passed 4 5 last year. Anybody in the urban district on a vacant 6 lot can build whatever they can build without any 7 limitations on, such as here.

You have existing houses, such as my clients, that cannot function based on technical and expert information, and have no other feasible options. Not that that's the standard. The standard is can we dig a well elsewhere, and do we meet the well and depth ratio standards. That is undisputed.

I think bringing back to center that we meet the 15 state law standards, that should be the end of the discussion. I appreciate all of your time.

Thank you very much. Well MS. BRADY: timed. We'll move on now. We are going to move on to the Frechette appeal.

20 MR. INFANTOLINO: Christian Infantolino. 21 I'm with Morneau and Murphy. I do represent Paul and 22 Gail Frechette, 19 Seaview Avenue. First I want to 23 second everything on the testimony that Joelle has 24 said regarding the state law and how it interplays with the Act. She hit the nail on the head. I don't 25



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think that needs to be reiterated.

The next thing I want to say is regardless of that, this state law, my clients back pattern (sic)is a textbook reason on why this state law was unanimously voted, to protect citizens from a municipality and its ability to arbitrarily decide who does and does not get water regardless of need.

My clients purchased the property in August 2015. Beginning in '16, they began experiencing well water issues, both saltwater intrusion and limited flow. They did work with Precision Well and Pump Service, Inc., a professionally licensed company, specializes in wells. They determined because the well was having saltwater intrusion, and the proximity of the neighboring wells, they weren't able to hydrofrack to improve the well quality on the first well. A second well would be the best option to put on the property.

They went and they had a second well done. That was finished about March of 2017, came in at a depth of 300 feet, and gave a flow rate of a gallon per minute, which is the minimum standard of the state, a gallon per minute. Shortly after the completion of the well, my clients began experiencing flow issues again. In 2024, they had another flow rate done. Their well rate was now .075 gallons per minute, less



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1 than a tenth of a gallon a minute. Ten times below 2 the industry standard.

Their flow rate is so low that they can't do a load of laundry and wash dishes in a 24-hour period. They collect water from the shower while it's warming up to flush the toilets. Upon finding out that the flow rate was so low, they went back to Precision Well to determine what options to do.

Based on professionals, my clients don't have 9 enough space. They have a guarter acre of property to 10 drill a third well. Due to saltwater intrusion from 12 the first well, proximity of the neighboring wells, 13 hyrofrack was out of the guestion, not an option. There was testimony, testimony put on by a 15 professional engineer, Robert Ferrari as well.

The testimony from Precision Well, it was determined there was no other reasonable place to drill a third well to the property, and connecting to municipal water was the best option for my clients to have safer drinking water. January 2, 2024, my client filed an application for a utility service connection as provided by the Town and pursuant to the General Law 46-15-2.

24 My client did provide testimony showing that they met all of the strict criteria of the state law. 25 The



application was not prohibited by the specific
language by the water supply management. In fact, the
Town did not include prohibitive language in the
newest 2024 plan, which would have allowed them to be
exempt from the requirements.

My clients agreed to comply with design and construction standards of the water supply. The fire chief signed off on the application, showing that the extension did not reduce the necessary fire level. My clients agreed to an easement of the water supply to permit maintenance and repair.

They provided flow reports, as we just mentioned, showing the rate of .075 gallons per minute. They also put on the testimony from the PE showing that there was no other reasonable place to put a well on the property.

Even though my clients clearly presented testimony and evidence to meet all of the rigorous standards, the Town stretched the hearings over a period of seven months, making a final arbitrary decision to deny my clients' application.

On July 26, 2024 my clients filed an appeal to the above-mentioned denial from the Town Water Commission to connect to the municipal water to this board underneath this board's rules and regulations,



under the 46-15-2 regulations. Memorandums were then 1 2 filed on behalf of the appellant on October 17, 2024 3 and January 17, 2025. It's clear from the record, including the appeal, 4 5 the memorandums, the testimony and discussions that the evidence submitted that my client clearly met all 6 7 of the standards and criteria under the state law. 8 The Town's arbitrary decision should be reversed. The 9 Town has prejudiced the applicants through the 10 administrative findings, inferences, conclusions and 11 decisions made on the record. 12 It is also arbitrary and capricious and an abuse 13 of discretion, clearly made upon a lawful procedure 14 and affected by the other errors of law. It's crystal 15 clear through the actions through the Town of this 16 process, they do not intend on applying the relevant 17 state law.

18 Rather through the decisions and memoranda, the 19 Town's suggesting the law does not apply to them at 20 In fact, through a resolution in 2025-01, the all. 21 Town has requested the Jamestown senate and house 22 representatives to introduce bills to exempt Jamestown 23 from the law itself. Not a clarification of the law, 24 but a straight up exemption. They've done it now 25 three times. There was just another one put forward



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in collaboration with New Shoreham.

The only reason the Town puts forward the astronomical ask for, to be the only municipality exempt from state law, to claim that there's capacity issues. This claim is made on incorrect assumptions. If this claim has any validity, why did the Town significantly expand its service area in its proposed 2024 water supply management system plan, therefore increasing the number of buy rate users?

10 And why, if the system has capacity issues, did 11 Town councillors, the same people who make up the 12 Town's Water Commission, just support a \$50,000 bond 13 to install a new water main related in the existing 14 rural district solely for the saline center at Fort 15 Getty Park? It's not a residential use. It's a 16 commercial use, with no limitations for rinsing boats, 17 bathroom usage, or any other limitations on what water 18 use can be used for.

19 The Town has the water. They just don't want to 20 give the water to our clients. For all these reasons 21 mentioned, along with the information provided, my 22 clients respectfully request this committee recommend 23 to the board to reverse the decision of the Town and 24 award my clients to extend and connect a waterline to 25 the property.



1 MR. BRADY: Thank you very much. We'll 2 move on now to Zimniski and Gagnon, please. 3 MS. DESAUTEL: Good morning, Marissa 4 Desautel. I represent Suzanne Gagnon and Steven 5 Zimniski, homeowners at 7 Seaview Avenue in Jamestown. 6 I echo the sentiments already expressed by my brother 7 and sister with respect to arguments that they're 8 making about state law and the Commission's reliance 9 on public law and their own regulations to try to 10 overcome that state law. 11 As you're aware, I think all of us are asking for 12 the board to reverse the Jamestown Water and Sewer 13 Commission's denial of their applications. The 14 decision to deny for all of us violates state law, 15 exceeds the Commission's authority and ignores the 16 evidence that was actually presented.

17 For purposes of summation here today, I'm going 18 to go over the main points that were included in our 19 two memoranda, and obviously we're relying on that 20 which has already been submitted. Point number one, the facts for my clients' case shows unfair treatment. 21 22 My clients applied for a water connection on 23 January 2, 2024. They had a similar 2018 report as my 24 brother and sister were talking about, from a company called Well Works proving that their well didn't meet 25



the state yield standards.

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The Town acknowledged receipt of that report, but then imposed a moratorium on new connections February 2, 2024. The hearing was delayed first to April 15, then to May 6 because the Commission claimed that my clients' report was missing, only to admit the next day they actually found it. On June 28, 2024 the Commission denied the application, again, falsely saying that the report was never actually found.

The state statute that we're arguing about here today, the Water Resources Management Act is clear for single-family homes, a supplier shall approve a water extension if the well fails yield standards and a new one isn't feasible. The Well Works report that I mentioned proved that first prong, that my clients' well could not meet yield standards.

17 Also in evidence is a July 10, 2024 inspection by 18 Precision Wells confirming that no new well can be dug 19 on this property. It seems that Precision Wells might 20 be doing work for more than just my clients on this 21 matter. Meanwhile, the Town approved a water 22 extension 400 feet away at 68 East Shore Road, outside 23 of the urban water district, to settle a lawsuit. Mv 24 clients' property is only 400 feet away from that 25 property that was approved, yet the Commission claims



1 that no such water extension approval actually exists 2 in their pleadings.

Point number two, what has already been talked about, Rhode Island state law trumps Jamestown local regulations. The Commission focuses on their limited capacity to provide water as grounds for denying my clients' application, but the state water resources management statute addresses those exact concerns and actually provides guidelines for how limited water supply should be managed.

The statute prioritizes residential properties over commercial properties without access to adequate well water. The Commission is then required to follow standards when making determinations about water distribution. The law mandates approval, but the Commission relied on their local regulations, banning extensions to a so-called rural district.

18 That rule cannot stand in the face of state law. 19 Rhode Island law preempts conflicting local 20 regulations. I'm not talking about the public law. 21 I'm talking about the Town's local regulations. The 22 Supreme Court in the Town of East Greenwich versus 23 O'Neil says state statute must carry more weight than 24 local regulations.

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In this case, the local Water Resources Act



1 actually sets the standard. This is no rural district 2 exception. Getting to the public law that the 3 Commission relies upon, it's from 1968. The argument 4 the Commission makes is that this public law from 1968 5 grants them unfettered power to decide who gets water, 6 and that is a decision that they are making free from 7 any kind of legislative oversight.

8 Again, Rhode Island law is clear. Legislative 9 power cannot be unconditionally delegated. 10 Municipalities yield only the power expressly granted 11 by the General Assembly. In this case, that power is 12 bounded. It's not plenary. The Commission, in one of 13 their memos, also invents a conflict between this 14 public law from 1968 and the state Water Resources 15 Management Act to dodge what we call harmonizing of 16 the two laws.

17 But as the Rhode Island Supreme Court has said in 18 Purcel C. Johnson, we must read statutes in harmony 19 whenever possible, even if they are enacted at 20 different times, which is what we have in this case. 21 Public law of 1968 authorizes the Commission to extend 22 water systems, while the Water Resources Management 23 Act sets mandatory standards for reviewing extensions. 24 There is no clash there. These provisions co-exist. 25 The Commission even admitted in January 2024,



resolution that my brother and sister have already referenced, that the statute in place requires service beyond their limited area. They tried for an exemption through House Bill 7345. It failed. I hear a new exemption is being attempted for this legislative session.

7 Point three, evidence was ignored with 8 respect to my clients' particular situation. The 9 denial letter that you have from the Commission skips 10 mentioning my clients' Well Works report and the 11 report of the Precision Wells Company. The denial 12 letter also doesn't apply the standards contained in 13 the Water Resources Management Act, which indicates 14 that under this board's rules, Rule 9.4(d), you may 15 remand or reject the decision for that failure alone. 16 Specifically, your rule 9.4(d) says

17 the board may remand or reject an appeal of the 18 supplier if its final decision failed to provide 19 written evidence that it applied the standard of review as set forth in Rhode Island General Law 20 21 46-15-2(b). Supplier must also provide the board with 22 a full written assessment of the relevant sections of 23 its current approved water supply system management 24 plan as it applies to the supplier's final decision. 25 That was not done



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1 You've got a denial letter that could be here. 2 rejected on its face. But if you actually continue to 3 look at the evidence put forth by my clients in this 4 case, the Town's own comprehensive plan and their 5 water supply management plan actually supports 6 extending the water near Seaview Avenue. The East 7 Shore Road extension that was put in place as a result 8 of settlement proves that it's feasible. On 9 August 19, 2024 the Town said that water use had 10 dropped 700,000 gallons from 2022 to 2023. The Town 11 also said that ratepayers would experience a rate hike 12 because of this. So adding my clients' extension 13 arguably, plus the other applicants' extensions, would 14 ease that burden, improving water quality and 15 potentially quantity for all users. That goes even 16 for the Town's own local regulations, that comes right 17 from their regulations, not from the state law.

Lastly, fairness and precedent demand relief here. The assertion that the water district operates without oversight or financial support from the Town is simply wrong. The Commission actually collects taxes from my clients to fund the drinking water system. The public law from 1968 references this, as well as the 2023 Jamestown financial report.

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A review of the Town's financial report items



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show that my clients do, in fact, pay taxes to the 1 2 Town that are then used directly to pay for the Town's 3 public works salaries, and that certain interfund 4 transfers are being completed into the water fund from 5 the Town's taxpayer general revenue.

In the case of Middle Creek Farm versus Portsmouth Fire District, the Rhode Island Supreme Court ruled if you tax someone, you must serve them. My clients pay taxes, but they're denied water, at the same time that new developments and short-term rentals are being approved. That's not equitable. That is completely arbitrary.

13 I find the Town, as my brothers and sisters are speaking, we're all using the phrase arbitrary. 14 15 That's what the Town did to all of us, selected 16 criteria that was beneficial to them and ignored state 17 law and their own regulations. Under the board's own 18 rules, you can reverse the decision if you find that 19 it violates law, exceeds authority, or prejudices property owners' rights. My clients' case does all 20 21 three.

Commission ignored the Water Resources Management 23 Act, clung to an invalid role, botched procedure, dismissed the evidence and taxed my clients for the water fund. My clients need water. They've proven



1	it. It's in evidence. The law requires it. So we
2	respectfully request that the Commission's decision be
3	reversed and that the board grant my clients'
4	connection request. Thank you.
5	MS. BRADY: Thank you very much. We've
6	got three down, one to go. We have the Saletin
7	appeal.
8	MR. MINEAU: Thank you. Again, Michael
9	Mineau on behalf of the Saletins. I'll try to be
10	brief, so as not to recite too much of what was
11	contained in the preceding presentations. I would
12	like to make a couple of overarching points, though.
13	First, on this alleged conflict between the
14	so-called special act from 1968 and the 2022
15	amendments to the state law, as we've outlined and
16	briefed extensively, that special act is essentially
17	an enabling law that granted autotomy to the
18	Commission or Town with respect to managing the water
19	supply, but the Town is not exempt from those
20	statewide standards, as clearly evidenced by the
21	Town's recent multiple attempts to pass legislation
22	which would exempt the Town specifically.
23	So on the one hand, the Town's primary argument

23 So on the one hand, the Town's primary argument 24 is that these standards do not apply to the Town, or 25 that it may choose to not apply them in its



discretion. But on the other hand, it's clear that 1 2 the Town is well aware that those standards do apply, 3 or should apply. To address those statutory standards 4 specifically with respect to the Saletins' appeal, as 5 we again outlined extensively in the brief which I will rely on in principle, the Saletins over the 6 7 course of several hearings presented ample evidence 8 and testimony which was supported by a report from 9 Northeast Water Solutions, which other applicants also 10 had used.

That report, and I'll just read a couple of short sections from it, clearly confirms that the yield of safe drinking water under applicable state and federal standards was grossly inadequate. That the possible alternatives were simply not feasible at the 14 Seaview Avenue property, which my clients own.

Specifically, Mr. Farrari from Northeast Water Solutions found, guote, there is no expectation that hydro fracturing would measurably increase the well yield, and would likely degrade water quality due to increased seawater intrusion. With respect to a potential new well, as my clients confirmed along with 23 their experts, this property simply does not have a feasible location for a new well.

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Additionally, the possibility of a reverse



1 osmosis system was evaluated. It was determined that, 2 quote, the well has insufficient capacity to meet the 3 RO feed water requirements for sufficient duration to 4 satisfy the water demands. Furthermore, there is very 5 strong evidence that the disposal of the RO reject 6 water is further degrading the water quality in the 7 underlying aquifer.

8 Additionally, the Saletins had provided as part 9 of the record, which is also part of the appeal 10 package that was submitted, a record from Jay Lemmy 11 Wells and Water Systems from July of 2023 confirming 12 on two different occasions out of many more which my 13 clients had experienced well issues on, that on one 14 occasion, quote, well was empty, recovery rate of well 15 is inadequate to run reverse osmosis system in home 16 while recovery 1 GPM, 3 GPM needed to run reverse 17 osmosis system. There was another service call from 18 August of that year that just stated no water, same 19 issue.

Turning to the standards set forth in 46-15-2(b), the first of those is that the application must not be prohibited by the specific language of the latest water supply system management plan. As outlined in the proceeding presentations, there is no such prohibitive language in the applicable WSSMP. So



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1 therefore, my clients clearly meet that standard, and 2 their application should not have been prohibited or 3 denied based on that standard.

Number two, the application must comply with the design and construction standards and specifications established by the public water supply system for sizing and location. My clients clearly satisfied that standard as evidenced by the record over the course of these multiple hearings, the expert testimony and reports that were provided in connection with their application.

12 Number three, the extension shall not reduce the 13 necessary level of fire protection for the community. 14 Interestingly, not only was it specifically written on 15 the Saletans' application in a comment from the 16 Jamestown fire chief, that the request will not reduce 17 the level of fire protection, but it was also 18 specifically noted by the fire chief that a fire 19 hydrant was needed in the area.

In this case, the extension would have actually improved fire safety in the area, because it would have allowed for another hydrant to be closer to the homes in this area.

Number four, all water main and serviceconnection materials, construction and inspections



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1 shall be at the sole cost and expense of the 2 applicant. That standard was clearly satisfied here, 3 as the applicants were going to pay for the extension, 4 and each of them would have paid for any connection at 5 their individual properties. That was confirmed in 6 the record.

Number five, the public water supply system shall be granted an easement in a form acceptable to them. Clearly, there was no issue with the Saletans or any of these other folks granting such an easement for maintenance to the Town.

12 Number six has two parts to it. This is 13 applicable to single-family residential lots. Subsection 1 is that the existing or proposed well 14 15 does not meet the well industry standards as described 16 in the Department of Environmental Management 17 regulations for yield per depth of well chart, which 18 is required by the Department of Health for dwelling 19 units.

That language is important here because the Town was very critical of an issue, perceived issue with the Saletans' application, in that if you just look at the raw flow rate, it was above the minimum standard. However, as clearly demonstrated by their experts, the flow rate was, the raw water was clearly contaminated



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of an insufficient characterization to meet those
 Department of Environmental Management and Department
 of Health standards.

The second subpart, it's number six, due to unique characteristics of the property, the drilling of a new well is not feasible. Again, they clearly demonstrated that the property cannot accommodate a new well in a feasible location. That's just due to unique characteristics of the property, its size, its proximity to the brackish water, and other issues that were identified.

12 Further down in that statute, it's clear from the 13 language used that the Water Resources Board shall 14 enforce the provisions of this section. So what we're 15 asking is not for a remand here. I believe that a 16 remand would not be the appropriate remedy for the 17 Saletans or any of these other folks. One of the 18 reasons for that is that the Town clearly has 19 demonstrated that its position is that these standards 20 do not apply to the Town and/or the Town can 21 selectively choose when it wishes to enforce these 22 standards.

That is contrary to the intention of these legislative amendments of 2022, which are statewide standards that are supposed to apply in every



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1 municipality. Again, going back to number one, the 2 Town clearly could have adopted language in the WSSMP 3 to enable the Town to prohibit extensions in the rural 4 district.

The Town's supplemental filing kind of dances around this issue and attempts to tie together language from the regulations and other sections of that plan, which could conceivably be construed to support the Town's argument. However, I don't think that this board needs to go through such an exercise, because the clear, plain language of that plan does not expressly prohibit these extensions outside of the urban district.

14 Again, just going back to this issue about 15 harmonization and the cases that we cited in support 16 of that, the Town's position, if sanctioned by this 17 board, would essentially create a loophole that would 18 allow for other municipalities to proceed in the same 19 way that the Town has here, determining that the 20 statewide standards are not really uniform statewide 21 standards and that they can be selectively applied or 22 enforced based upon separate regulations that those 23 municipalities may have, but not addressing the 24 specific requirement that it's the language of that 25 water supply management plan that's operative. That's



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the mechanism that a municipality has to prohibit extensions, should it choose to do so.

Finally, we cited numerous cases on the preemption doctrine and various preemption theories which apply. It's clear that the Town's regulations are directly preempted in this instance. Even if direct preemption did not apply, the state has clearly demonstrated an intent to occupy this field, even in an instance where a field may only be portionally occupied, field preemption still applies.

With that said, we have met the standards for reversing the Town's decision. We'd ask that that be the remedy that's applied in this instance. That the decision of the Town be reversed. That the Saletans' application be approved. Thank you.

MS. BRADY: Thank you very much. Now we've come to the point in this discussion where we will turn it over to the Town. You will have a 20-minute block in which to make your response and comments.

MS. DANIELS: Kathleen Daniels, I'm here on behalf of the Jamestown Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners. I want to start with, you know, as far as responding to everything, I think I want to present the case, then I will try to hit some of the points



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1 that were made in going through the full argument on 2 this.

We have briefed this. Everyone has briefed this. You have the exhibits to it. There was a hearing below. The hearing below is what is before this panel as well, before the board as far as what was presented. I'm not going to sit here and try to regurgitate everything that has been previously presented. Obviously, not as my brothers and sisters have done, I'm going to do the same thing, just try to quickly summarize and hit some points.

12 I have to say I disagree that this is a simple 13 question as to whether the particular elements of the 14 amendment have been met, because the question starts 15 with, do we get there? In order to get there, we have 16 to just ignore the Enabling Act, special act that 17 granted the Jamestown Board of Water Commissioners the 18 authority, and this is the language that everyone is 19 asking the board to ignore, the determination of 20 whether, the language is actually they may decide --21 excuse me, they may expand or improve the system to 22 any parts there of the Town.

Of course, I paraphrased it a little bit. But it's expand or improve. It's permissive language; they may do it.



Now, I also heard throughout and through all the pleadings that the board is trying to take the position that they are an island of themselves is the language used at one point. We don't have any oversight. That is so far beyond the truth that it's kind of questionable where it comes from.

Because of the fact that this board has followed the mandates of the state statutes, they have a board, they have a water management plan. The whole point of a Water Resources Board is to monitor resources and to make plans for it. That is what the Town has done. They've implemented that through the Water Resources Board -- excuse me, through the water management plan.

The authority to determine what available resources they have and where to extend the resources is outlined within there. It clearly states in there that they don't have it right now.

Now, I have to start with, I want to go back a little bit, because I think part of the misperception or the different sides of this is the perception that the whole island of Jamestown is part of the water system. They're not yet. They're not yet. The reason is the Board of Water Commissioners were authorized to buy a private water company. It was a small area of the village of Jamestown. It was a



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particular area. That is why they were granted the right to determine how, where to go after that fact.

At this point, and it's reflected, I think you brought out the maps as well, it's reflected in the the water management plan that the current service area is what is called the urban district, and there are certain additional aspects of it. In order to determine whether or not an extension would be granted and to apply these amended provisions, you have to first make the determination of whether the system can accommodate.

Noticeably absent from this amendment is any consideration of whether the system can accommodate it. I suggest that the reason for that is because it's recognizing that there has to be the first instance, a determination of the services through the water management plan in conjunction with the Water Resources Board is whether or not they can expand.

19 There has been some discussion here today -- I'm 20 going to jump a little bit. These things kind of fold 21 into what I'm saying. There is discussion as far as 22 there being a increase in water supply in the past 23 couple of years. Respectfully, this Water Resources 24 Board and the Board of Water Commissioners, they can't 25 be so short-sighted as to say we've had great water



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this past year, so... They cannot do that.

The whole point is to plan and make accommodations and to ensure that we don't end up like they did in '93. They have to be sure that we have, try to break down the five months out of the year that they are short of water and they are exceeding the safe yield. They are taking steps to do that.

You can't -- that's like saying I had a windfall in my work this past month and I received extra money. I'm going to go out and buy a \$300,000 car. Oh, that windfall doesn't keep coming next year. Something happened at work, maybe work fell off. I'm still stuck with that purchase of the vehicle that I still have to pay. That's what would happen here. Simply because there's been supply recently does not mean that the supply is going to be there.

This board has the statutes which, where I get back to saying we think we're not subject to them. We are subject to them, and we have followed them, because we have made a determination. I believe it's based upon the drought record is the appropriate, drought level, which we determine the safe yield. That drought record, that is all laid out in the water management plan.

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I would further add on that, before I get too far



1 off, just very quickly, the challenges as to the 2 ability to supply water, those are challenges to the 3 plan. Those aren't challenges that the resource, the 4 Commissioners can make a determination on, on an 5 individual application because they have, they are 6 governed by that plan.

7 I also want to jump to the, getting back to the 8 interaction between the statute, the special act and 9 the plan along with the regulations. I've heard 10 conflicting accusations as far as one says we claim it 11 conflicts, one says we fail to harmonize. Our 12 position is, I want to make sure it's clear, our 13 position is there has to be an attempt to harmonize. 14 I think that can be harmonized. We laid it out in our 15 briefing. It can be harmonized if it's recognized 16 that this district is identified as the urban 17 district.

While geographically we have the right to go out further, that does not put us into the statute until that determination is first met. That determination can't be met without a full analysis, as I laid out in the water resource -- excuse me, in the water management plan.

There was a claim saying that we're saying there is a conflict. We're saying no, it is not a conflict.



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1 That's where you have to start. There is not a 2 conflict, try to harmonize. If you cannot harmonize, 3 the way you can harmonize is by recognizing that. But if you can't, then you're actually governed by state 4 5 statute. State statute says when there is a special 6 act that's in conflict with the general act, the 7 special act controls. That's not something that the 8 Commissioners came up with. That is something the 9 General Assembly has dictated.

Even though that special act dates back to 1968, it has never been repealed, never been changed to restrict. There's been amendments, I will say that. It's never been changed to restrict the authority of the Commissioners to determine whether or not it should be expanded, the system should be expanded.

There was reference to grants being issued and revenue by the water supply. Yes, there have been There have been grants over the years. grants. That's all toward the improvement, part of their ability to seek and improve the system, if they can. That's what the grants' goal is.

I point out that, you know, some of this is 23 coming information being shared now. You know, it wasn't before the board to be fully vetted. I do want to respond to it. I also want to quickly respond to



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the statements as far as the taxes. As we laid out in our briefing, the Jamestown Water Board is an enterprise fund. It is fully funded by itself. The director does serve a dual purpose, so there are public works money in the Town budget, but that is not for the water supply aspect of it. It is fully funded.

In order to get to the amendments and whether or not they apply to this, you have to first, in my mind, you have to first say that special act is old. No good, off the books. It quite simply can't be, it can't be. That is where they started and end their authority.

14 There was also reference to other extensions of 15 the water main over the years. I have to take strong, 16 strong -- I can't disagree more with the fact that 17 there were no standards applied to those. Those 18 weren't presented before the Commission, but I can say 19 that the, and I see Joelle is nodding. I will simply 20 say maybe she attached it to something. I say I am 21 familiar with some of those.

I will say, for example, there was one where there was a 2-inch line. The 2-inch line got improved to a 6-inch line. That created a benefit to the current existing system. I say that that's a



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statement that has been outlined in the regulations.
I'll get to that in a second. There was another
situation where it was a 4-inch line. The 4-inch line
got improved to a 6-inch line, which was another, that
was part of the water main extension, which was
another benefit to the system.

The reference to any settlements that came up, settlement of cases happened for a number of reasons for different bases that do not and cannot dictate the future actions of a board. They are controlled by the, by their statutory enabling. They're controlled by the water management plan. They're controlled by the regulations, as well as the state statutes.

14 So to say that we weren't, that we do not believe 15 that, that for some reason, I think it was language 16 used at some point that was, there was a presumption 17 that we don't want to give water. I think the water 18 management plan, I think the fact grants are getting 19 issued, not just a single one that we referred to 20 today, by the others, the improvements to the system 21 shows that the board wants to give water.

They want to give water. They can't do it in a vacuum. They cannot say, oh, you know what? Yes, you're close here. You're only 150 feet. We're going to go ahead and add you. They have to have set



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standards. The regulations have identified those
 standards for the board.

Now, there's been talk about the real conflicts between the regulations and the end of state statute. The regulations are there only as an embodiment of the authority for the board through the special act. The special act says you have to, because you're going to run this water system and you're going to take all these steps, do what you need to do, as far as all of the details outlined therein.

In order to effectuate that, the board, if the board didn't have the regulations, then we would be sitting here saying you have no standards to apply. So the regulations are simply the embodiment of those special acts, authority.

I just want to quickly jump to the claims of preemption. We outlined that actually in our memoranda. In order for there to be preemption, we have one party saying there is no conflict, we have another party saying there is a conflict. There is a conflict, because it overrides it. The fact of the matter is the standard for preemption is identified in our brief. It just has not been met in this case.

I'm reading as I talk. I apologize, give me a second here. Bottom line is rather than it being a



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1 simple question of whether these applicants have met 2 the standards, the board took the reasoned approach, 3 which is, I have a regulation that controls our 4 The regulation was passed because of the actions. 5 special act. The water management plan has determined 6 what we need to do.

At this point in time -- I correct that. The water management plan of 2018 was in existence at the time. That water management plan specifically said there is no plan for future development because, excuse me, they have a goal to plan for the future, such that the water supply system is not extended beyond its capacity in order to provide safe, clean drinking water.

The public system is currently drawing greater volume than the safe daily yield of the North Pond. It further states, 2.10, because of the water supply limitation, there is no ability to service the entire Town, the entire island with water at this time. The existing system is limited in scope, geographically to the village area of Jamestown, and is not capable of extending beyond the current water service area. 23 That's in the plan that was approved by this.

That doesn't mean that there are not steps being taken to attempt to improve that, to improve the water



1 supply, to extend beyond what it currently services,
2 but they have an obligation to make sure currently
3 that the existing users have ample water.

The accusation that we've presented a doomsday situation and that, you know, it hasn't happened, that's the whole point of planning. That's the point that the state statutes that we're being accused of not following, but we do follow, has required us to take that into consideration. It is, the state statute requires the plan to be based upon the safe daily yield and determine what can we do.

That being said, in making this determination, it comes down to whether or not this board, Water Resources Board or the General Assembly can dictate to the Jamestown Water Commissioners that -- dictate, I should say amend the special act by implication and say no, you don't any longer have the authority to determine whether to expand or improve the system. You don't have the authority to determine whether or not you can actively and safely provide water to the current users who, as I point out, currently five months out of the year there is not enough in the safe yield. That is in the water management plan.

In reaching the conclusion in this case, all I could think of is, I'm dating myself here, Justice



1 Weisberger, Chief Justice Weisberger. I was clerking 2 at the time. He had a very routine question he asked during oral arguments. His question centered on what 3 4 are you asking us to do. Not only does it affect you, 5 but how is it going to affect anyone in the future. 6 How is it going to affect the cases moving forward?

7 I think that is what the Water Resources Board, 8 that is what the Town board -- I'll also point out 9 quickly, we're interchanging the word town, but it is the Town's Sewer and Water Commissioners. When we ask 10 that question in this case, if we were to say that the 12 only determination of whether to expand the district, 13 to expand the service area is not determinative by the board, but is determined by those elements in the 15 amendment, which doesn't give any consideration to that, then here's a scenario that would be thrown out 17 there.

18 What if someone on the outer reaches comes before 19 the board and says my well, and legitimately so, my 20 well is depleted; I don't have water. Under this 21 standard, you have to connect me. They have the money 22 to pay for that extension, even though it's further 23 out. What is the result of that?

That's what they're asking this board to decide, to say, Town Commissioners, you are wrong; you have to



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give it to them. The result is we have a water main extension going all the way out to the end, and under the management plan, under the regulations as applied, every piece of property along that water main has the right to then connect to the system.

There is a water main extension going in front of your property under the current regulations and the rules that they follow, the properties along that water main have the right to connect to that automatically. The increase to the system would not just be that one piece of property at the end with the one house with the one bedroom. It would be everyone along that line.

14 You also have to consider how does this apply to 15 other districts that are similar, which are, this is 16 not the Providence water supply system which has no 17 question that they have years and years, record 18 drought I believe is much lower -- higher, whatever it 19 might be. You have Block Island, Harrisville, North 20 Kingstown, Richmond. You have all of those smaller 21 things.

I personally live in Richmond. I'm not anywhere near the line. If my well should fail, do I have the right to connect to Richmond regardless, and everyone along my line? So I think that's where we start. We



1 are not saying, we are not controlled by the Water 2 Resources Board. We are not saying we have no 3 oversight. We never said that. As a matter of fact, 4 our actions in the past have clearly shown that we 5 agree with that.

What we are saying is that before you apply this amendment that went in three, three years ago, time flies, that amendment that got put in, you have to determine whether or not, how it interacts, I should say, with the other provisions. You can't read it in a vacuum. That's what they're asking you to do, to read it in a vacuum. You, quite simply, can't do that.

The statute cited in our memo is that you can't do that. You have to read them in harmony. The statute says if you can't read them in harmony, the special dominates, the special takes precedence. I would ask that you find that they did have a valid basis to deny these applications. They were faced with the regulations, special act and the water management plan to support all the same. I ask that you affirm the decision.

23 MS. BRADY: Thank you. All right. We've 24 been at this quite awhile now. Would anybody like to 25 take a quick five-minute break, use the facilities,



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1 stretch your legs? 2 I know we're getting to the point where we'll ask 3 questions. It's morning. People have had water and coffee. It might be worth taking a guick break and 4 5 come back to the table and ask some questions. 6 MR. SMITH: Let's keep going. We're on a 7 roll. 8 MS. BRADY: Now we've approached the part 9 of the agenda where we're going to now be asking some 10 questions. I would ask whether either the panel 11 members, they have questions they would like to ask to 12 any of the appellants or to the Town at this point? I 13 know our lawyer does have some questions he would like 14 to ask. 15 MR. SMITH: Only after the board members. 16 MR. HOUDE: I have a general guestion. 17 Can anybody confirm that this map is, in fact, 18 accurate? 19 MS. DANIELS: This is the one, I believe, 20 attached to the water management plan. 21 MR. GRAY: Mike Gray, public works 22 director. That depicts what is presented in the water 23 system supply management plan. That is showing where 24 basically the districts have water. 25 Joelle is correct in the regulation, in that the



1 rural district is any, any of the land outside of the 2 urban, so above that blue-shaded area is essentially 3 the district, by our regulation. What that is 4 depicting is where water exists, basically. So if you go outside the 5 MR. HOUDE: 6 urban water district and extend the water main, does 7 that also expand your urban water district, changes 8 this map? 9 MR. GRAY: It expands the district. 10 MS. ROCHA: I'll object to that response. 11 There are lines, I think there is a map in the water 12 supply management plan showing all the lines outside 13 the water district. There are some up north, and 14 there are some down Beavertail, which is a ground 15 The urban water district has stayed the same. area. 16 They haven't expanded. 17 MR. HOUDE: We have infrastructure owned 18 by the Town that is out of the urban water district? 19 MS. ROCHA: Yes. 20 MR. HOUDE: There are Town facilities 21 outside the urban water district? 22 MS. CRAWLEY: I would like to ask for 23 clarification on this. When we're talking about 24 lines, I believe we're talking about some distribution 25 extensions and some transmission lines that exist



1 mainly to take water from the source to the 2 distribution area. I want to make that clarification. 3 Is that correct? 4 MR. GRAY: That is correct. There are 5 transmission lines and distribution lines. What we're 6 referring to the district essentially is distribution 7 of water. So an extension of a main is essentially 8 expanding distribution. MS. CRAWLEY: We're talking mostly 2- and 9 4-inch lines? 10 11 MR. GRAY: Larger than that. Sized for 12 fire protection as well. 13 MS. CRAWLEY: Okay. 14 MR. HOUDE: In the past ten years have 15 you had need to implement any water conservation or 16 outdoor water use restrictions? 17 MS. DANIELS: Yes, I believe it's on a 18 yearly basis, approximately three to five months at a 19 time. Mostly during the peak year. I believe that information is also contained in the water management 20 21 plan. 22 I could pull it up for you, if you would like. 23 I'm sure it's in there, describing how much and when. 24 I believe it's a yearly event. I'm sure it is. 25 MR. HOUDE: Since 2018, that was the last

1 approved water supply management plan, have you 2 allowed growth outside of the urban water district? Have you expanded the water district since 2018? 3 4 MS. DANIELS: Do you mean as far as a 5 water main extension? 6 MR. HOUDE: The water main extension. 7 MS. DANIELS: There has been one water 8 main extension on East Main Road that happened in the 9 '22/'23 time frame. That was part of that settlement 10 that was referenced by Attorney Rocha. The 11 additional, I don't believe there were any others, no. 12 There weren't any others since 2018. 13 MR. HOUDE: Have you denied any other 14 applicants since 2002? 15 MS. DANIELS: We denied that initial 16 There was actually, I believe, three other case. 17 applicants that same day that were denied. Only one 18 took an appeal. There might have been four. 19 MS. ROCHA: Includes us. 20 MR. HOUDE: Do you have any current 21 applicants that are undecided at this point? 22 MS. DANIELS: I will refer to 23 Mr. Gray. 24 MR. GRAY: No. There is one for Monday 25 night's meeting for a connection where there is an



1 existing main. 2 MR. HOUDE: In the urban water district, 3 or where it's currently serviced? 4 It was sewer. I shouldn't say MR. GRAY: 5 that. No, we do not. 6 What criteria do you utilize MR. HOUDE: 7 when looking at a water main request for water main 8 extension or service? 9 MS. DANIELS: The regulations. Actually, 10 I believe it's 14(a) and 14(b) dictate those criteria. 11 14(a) refers to the water main extensions in the urban 12 district, then 14(b) applies to the rural district. 13 Because as of now, because of the water plan and the 14 regulations, it's been prohibited. 15 The only criteria is if they can present 16 something, they give themselves an out, so to speak. 17 If they present something that would show it would be 18 an improvement to the existing users. By way of 19 example, there are a couple of cases from years ago 20 where they, person wanted to extend the water main. 21 There was a 2-inch line at one point, 4-inch line. 22 They replaced the entire line and made the

current, current water main was turned into a 6-inch line which improved the water quality and, I believe, the fire services at one point, too, is another



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1 instance. 2 MR. HOUDE: Another question. You 3 mentioned an easement, or someone mentioned an 4 easement that would be granted. Are these, was it 5 Seaview Lane; are these public rights-of-way? 6 MS. DANIELS: I believe they are. 7 MS. ROCHA: Yes. 8 MR. HOUDE: They're Town roads? 9 MS. ROCHA: Yes. 10 MR. HOUDE: If an extension was granted, 11 would the Jamestown water district assume 12 responsibility? 13 MS. DANIELS: I believe that is the 14 process. Paid for by the applicants, and then once 15 it's completed and approved and inspected, it reverts 16 to the ownership of the water district itself. They 17 are responsible, obviously, from there. The 18 individual, as you know, the individual homeowners are 19 responsible from the connection lines to the main. 20 MR. HOUDE: Correct. I'm not 21 understanding that an easement would be necessary. 22 MS. DANIELS: I don't know what that 23 referred to. 24 MR. IINFANTOLINO: The easement is in 25 reference to the actual connection. You have the line



1	running past the house. The main runs past the house.
2	Connection line comes off the main. If anything were
3	to happen between the connection line and the main
4	line on the applicants', say, property, there would be
5	an easement, so if there was maintenance needed to be
6	done or repair done to that line.
7	MR. HOUDE: That's private property.
8	MR. IINFANTOLINO: That's why the
9	easement would be granted, so the Town would have
10	easement over the
11	MR. HOUDE: It's private property. It's
12	not the Town's responsibility.
13	MR. IINFANTOLINO: My understanding is
14	that easement is for those purposes.
15	MS. ROCHA: Otherwise, I would agree, it
16	doesn't make any sense.
17	MR. HOUDE: Okay. I was consumed by the
18	wording of the easement.
19	MS. ROCHA: Can I add one point of
20	clarification, because I don't want there to be any
21	confusion? There have been connections in the rural
22	district granted since the period, including one on
23	the night of one our other hearings.
24	MS. DANIELS: That's accounted for as
25	well. The distinction between connection and



1	extension, if the extension is there, then properties
2	along the line can connect. They have their own
3	standards for connection. That was kind of my point
4	when I gave my example.
5	Once that extension goes in, those connections
6	may be allowed. Once the extension runs in front of a
7	property
8	MR. HOUDE: Okay. So we're looking at,
9	is it four residences? Does each have a failed well
10	at this juncture?
11	MS. ROCHA: Ours does.
12	MR. IINFANTOLINO: Ours does.
13	MS. ROCHA: Yes, all of them.
14	MR. HOUDE: At one time they were viable
15	wells; they were permitted?
16	MS. ROCHA: Yes.
17	MR. IINFANTOLINO: Yes.
18	MR. HOUDE: Nobody knows why all of a
19	sudden they're not viable?
20	MS. ROCHA: The experts, at least in my
21	case, the same expert in three of them testified as to
22	all the technical details about why they've gone down,
23	or what exists now. I won't attempt to summarize
24	that.
25	MR. HOUDE: Do we know in each instance
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1 how long that well was viable for? 2 MS. ROCHA: I know in my case for the 3 Andreonis, when they purchased in 2015, it had been, 4 it was fine. They were able to close, you know, 5 finance the property. Then in the last, we applied in 6 January 2024, so in the year prior to that, the water 7 went downhill. At least that's my case. 8 MS. DESAUTEL: That's my understanding, 9 too. 10 MR. IINFANTOLINO: In our case, the 11 second well was completed in 2017. By 2024, it's 12 producing less than a tenth of a gallon per minute. 13 MR. HOUDE: Have there been 14 investigations as to why these wells all failed in 15 close proximity or simultaneously? 16 MR. MINEAU: I think one of the issues 17 referenced in those reports is degradation over time, 18 which has resulted in the raw water quality being so 19 poor that, again, some have pure flow rate issues in 20 general. Even if there is technically sufficient raw 21 flow of water, the quality of that water does not meet 22 the requisite state standards. 23 One of the issues that Mr. Farrari discussed in 24 the report was how over time for technical reasons 25 that I am probably not qualified to opine on there's



1 been a significant degradation overall in the quality 2 of the water, in addition to diminished flow issues 3 that are also discussed. 4 MR. HOUDE: Are there other properties 5 with wells on Seaview Avenue that haven't failed? 6 MS. ROCHA: Yes. 7 MR. HOUDE: That's it. 8 MR. KINZELL: I just had some questions 9 back to the regulation that we talked about in 2009, specifically the point that it was noted there are 10 11 four extensions between 2009 and 2021, but in your 12 regulation for 2009 you did prohibit extensions, per 13 that guidance. Do you have any comment on that 14 reasoning? 15 MS. DANIELS: Yes, those are the ones I 16 was referring to as far as the improvement to the 17 system itself, to the current existing users. I don't 18 have the exact cases before me. I can't say that 19 happened and this case happened with the other case. 20 I can say generally by my knowledge of it, the 21 improvement was made by increasing the water main 22 leading up to it. So, for example, not a perfect 23 example, suppose this is a water main and Ms. Crawley 24 wants to add to it, but the water main stops here at 25 Marissa. She offered, because the line here was



2 inches or 4 inches, she improved the water main 1 2 extension from here all the way and it kept going to 3 her property. She made an improvement to the current 4 system. 5 Although it was prohibited, because there was an 6 improvement to the system, it was allowed in several 7 situations. I think there's been reference, it 8 wasn't, the standards weren't applied. You have to 9 look at the facts, just because it doesn't say it, 10 similarly look at the facts of it. Facts of it 11 support that there was an improvement. I don't think 12 there is any dispute to that. 13 MS. ROCHA: Point of reference, there is 14 a dispute to that. I have attached those approvals as Exhibit M to my brief. There was a request in only 15 16 one out of those four, it was a 2-inch line proposed 17 and a 2-inch line existing. They asked them to 18 increase it to 4 inches. There was no request for any 19 of us to upgrade or do something else.

It's a fun standard to say you have to improve the system when the holder of that information averse to any improvement is not you. Those are attached. Those records are attached. That was in one out of the four. The remaining three do not mention the standard, the prohibition, or anything in the record.



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MS. DANIELS: I would like to add on to 1 2 that. First of all, applicants do not bring their applications to the Commissioners in a vacuum. 3 There 4 are meetings and discussions along that line. 5 Secondly, the claim that there isn't, I think 6 you're going to look at the background, I respectfully 7 disagree, because I haven't looked at them in quite a 8 bit of time. I do know, I think there was one that 9 had a fire hydrant out there. I believe there were at 10 least two others that improved. 11 Even though it doesn't specifically delineate, 12 even though the records of the meetings itself said 13 this is going to improve it. There were improvements 14 made based upon the facts. I'll defer to the record. 15 I have not looked at them personally in quite awhile. 16 MR. SMITH: The Town is conceding the record is devoid of any mention of any reason for the 17 18 improvements in those other three cases? 19 MS. DANIELS: I'm not conceding. 20 MR. SMITH: They're attached. The representation is attached. That's what I'm saying. 21 22 I read them. If the Town has any other evidence, 23 we'll take it. 24 MS. DANIELS: I will say some of what was 25 submitted was the Commissioners, the minutes, which



1	don't give the full planning, et cetera, of what
2	actually occurred. If it's necessary, I'll go back.
3	I don't know if it exists because of the time frame.
4	MS. ROCHA: I have the full records. If
5	the board requests them, they are attached to a
6	Supreme Court brief. I gave the minutes. I have the
7	full records. I can represent there is nothing in
8	them.
9	MR. SMITH: Do you want the full record?
10	Yes.
11	MS. ROCHA: There was a public records
12	request, so I will be happy to send them.
13	MR. KINZELL: Back to the 2009
14	regulation. So at that time when that regulation was
15	passed, did Jamestown know of issues with their water
16	usage and that there would need to be limits on this?
17	MS. DANIELS: I'm going to have to defer
18	to the management plan. I think the history of what
19	happened, I believe from my knowledge, I wasn't around
20	for that. I assume the regulation passed in 2009. I
21	think the history outline in the water management plan
22	itself describes the past issues and problems with the
23	water system, including the fact, I believe it was '93
24	where they had to actually truck water in.
25	MR. KINZELL: Yes, the National Guard



1	came in. I read that. Speaking on that, so I really
2	want to mention here, so if you knew at that time per
3	the management plan that there could have been an
4	issue, especially with capacity, has there been any
5	work to provide additional capacity, expansions to
6	allow more users expecting that, you know, per your
7	assessment, that there is going to be more requests
8	obviously, more connection requests, more extensions?
9	What has Jamestown done?
10	MS. DANIELS: That's also outlined in the
11	management plan itself. I'm not going to be able to
12	say I can tell you everything. I do know off the top
13	of my head, I know there was approximately eight
14	wells, I forget the time frame, eight wells drilled in
15	an attempt to gain further supply. Of those, though,
16	there were only two that offered any type of viable
17	water supply.
18	Of those two, they could not, I believe there are
19	some restrictions on the usage of them. Where the

19 some restrictions on the usage of them. Where the 20 second one is determined it's not worth using it, 21 because we have to shut down the first one, which was, 22 I believe that's the analysis. It's in the water 23 management plan itself that describes that.

I apologize if I don't have the full details.Mike Gray might be able to answer that.



1 MR. KINZELL: Back to that. You know, 2 digging more wells is generally like one of the first 3 things that we talked about as a first step. As we're 4 seeing multiple wells with saltwater intrusion and, 5 you know, failures, is there any discussion or talk, I 6 didn't see it in the water management plan, of 7 expansions to other towns that are close by in order 8 to provide water?

9 Because we know that, number one, you have agreed 10 to allow other people to connect to it, which is 11 expanding on that. Your 2024 build-out plan, you do 12 expect a substantial increase of connections 13 supposedly.

MS. DANIELS: The reason for the substantial increase is because of the recent change in the zoning laws, which the ADUs, you know, are permitted. Those are actually coming in now where there has been an increase in the urban district itself of the ADUs.

As far as seeking other sources outside the island itself, there is currently an emergency line connected to North Kingstown. The problem that runs into this, I will defer to Mr. Gray if you would accept him, my understanding is they all run into, they're running into the same problem as Jamestown,



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1 which is they also have their own obligations to meet 2 and plan and anticipate future usage. Do not have 3 necessarily the ability to help out the Town, the 4 Commissioners, to add to their current custom bank, so 5 to speak. 6 I don't know if there is any other, beyond the 7 pipe to North Kingstown or any further discussions. 8 If you would like, I can defer to Mr. Gray. By the 9 way, there have been other discussions that I am aware 10 of, I think I might get hit in the back of the head 11 soon if I say it wrong. There were things along the 12 lines of seeking desalination of the system. There 13 has been exploration as to that. 14 MR. KINZELL: That is a very expensive 15 That kind of answers those questions. choice. Thank 16 you. 17 You're applying the standard from the 2009 18 regulation that prohibits the expansion. Doesn't the 19 first standard, the 46-15-2(b) address whether there 20 is a specific prohibition on the extension? So is 21 there any reason why -- I just really want to ask like 22 where did that originate from in 2009 when that 23 regulation passed? Why did that get added in there as we're now going to prohibit expansion? 24 25 MS. DANIELS: I don't know the answer to



1 I'm not sure if anyone from the Town does. that. Т 2 don't know the answer to that, why the 2009 was 3 changed. 4 I do know they did have their own, they always 5 had their own, my understanding, they had their own 6 qualifications, where it was located, because of the 7 legal obligations to provide to the urban district and 8 have the choice. They have the ability to move out. 9 I know they had that separate. I don't know if that's what happened in 2009, if 10 that was the year, to add that prohibition. I don't 11 12 know. 13 MR. KINZELL: Per the files, I think it 14 was. 15 MS. ROCHA: There is nothing in the 16 minutes. I have the minutes that go straight through. 17 What happened at that time is connections had, 18 connections and extensions were grouped together and 19 had this standard we would have all met. Then for 20 some reason that's not reflected in the minutes, 21 extensions, that standard which changed to the current 22 one that was applied for. 23 MR. KINZELL: Okay. Thank you. 24 MS. ROCHA: Not that that's helpful. 25 MR. KINZELL: There's been a major change



1 to your water management plan in this last update for 2 2024. Obviously, I think these cases that we're 3 talking about right now are applicable to the previous 4 water management plan. 5 Is the reasoning for this large change of 6 consolidating, you know, the two current water 7 districts into one because of what's happening right 8 now between these four? 9 MS. DANIELS: I can't speak to that. I'm 10 There is one proposed, the updated one, the sorry. 11 2024, yes, it hasn't been approved yet. I don't know. 12 I wasn't participating in that. I don't know if you 13 want Mr. Gray to answer that. I don't know, though. 14 MR. KINZELL: That's okay; that's okay. 15 It was just a yes or no. 16 MS. DANIELS: Can I just speak to the 17 fact that obviously the reason of updating it every 18 five years is to look to see what's changed, what is 19 going on. Part of that is changing the Water 20 Resources Board and part of what is happening with our 21 current system, et cetera. 22 It makes sense that when they update it, they're 23 updating it because of the things that happened in the 24 past seven years/five years since it was last updated. 25 MR. KINZELL: My concern is, I'm just



1	worried is the change really so that in the future
2	there will be no provisions outside this service area
3	based upon limited capacity of the resources and the
4	anticipated future demand determined by the build-out
5	analysis completed from 2024?
6	MS. DANIELS: Right. Mr. Gray can speak
7	to that. He is, actually, was the person.
8	MS. ROCHA: You're referencing the
9	expansion of the urban district into the south,
10	correct? All of Beavertail and the south, but not the
11	north?
12	MR. KINZELL: Yes.
13	MS. DANIELS: Mr. Gray said he could
14	speak to that, if you'd like.
15	MR. GRAY: In the current water system
16	supply management plan that is before you for review,
17	what we're trying to do with our regulation that is
18	now possibly going to be amended to define the
19	district, right now we have the urban district and
20	then rural, rural areas where there is water mains
21	that exist, and there are rural areas where water
22	mains do not exist to the north.
23	The attempt in the water supply management plan
24	that is before you and possibly new amendments, so to

actually define the district where water mains exist,



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25	MR. SMITH: Permission of counsel?
24	Basically
23	VOICE: May I comment as an applicant?
22	that's where the expansion is.
21	area in the brown here on this map, has lines. But
20	urban district. There are some, but not all, of this
19	Town are. There are some to the north outside of the
18	management plan 2018 shows where all the lines in the
17	lines all to the south here. The water supply
16	MS. ROCHA: Just to be clear, there are
15	MR. KINZELL: Okay.
14	defined area. We did not go outside to the north.
13	were referencing that we implemented was within that
12	That analysis, the build-out analysis that you
11	water exists.
10	district in the village, identify those areas where
9	to the south to Beavertail and Fort Wetherill, urban
8	doing is defining, defining where water exists. Rural
7	MR. GRAY: Not necessarily. What we're
6	applications for increase
5	area, you do expect more people to come to you for
4	that build-out plan. Now that you have expanded that
3	MR. KINZELL: That's what was expected in
2	Commission would like to do.
1	so that it's defined. That's simply what the

1 VOTCE: I want to comment. This is all 2 the rural district right now, simple as that. This 3 part, the waterline goes up there. They're not expanding the district. If they want to expand it 4 5 where some lines go, why aren't they expanding it They're trimming the size of it. It's 6 north? 7 ridiculous. 8 Automatically all these people who have not 9 proven they have a water problem with hookups that are 10 not existing, they are expanding three times. I want 11 to comment on that. 12 MR. KINZELL: The last question I had was 13 for the denial of each of these applications, 14 specifically related to the last point on there on how 15 an expansion to this waterline could benefit. Can you 16 provide any examples of anybody who is actually 17 benefitting by taking more water and connecting? 18 MS. DANIELS: Example was for us 19 improving the lines? 20 MR. KINZELL: That's correct. 21 MS. DANIELS: Improving the fire 22 abilities, as far as that is concerned. There was one 23 that, I'm reaching back to the annals of this head of mine, this was a couple of years ago that I looked at 24 25 this. There was one that was a fire improvement to



1	the area, as well as, like I said, improving from 4 to
2	6 inches in the line itself.
3	MR. KINZELL: Specifically for a private
4	owner, how could you ever justify an extension
5	approval if you're not actively extending the main
6	pipe or somehow making the water quality better?
7	MS. DANIELS: That is a good question. I
8	don't know. I don't know myself. I think there are
9	probably circumstances, though, that could be. It
10	hasn't been presented. Because of the water
11	management plan itself and the restrictions that, you
12	know, are identified in there, they have to make some
13	accommodations to figure out how to, how to properly
14	plan this finite resource.
15	They can't do it without some form of
16	determination as to standards of some form. That's
17	the standard that they decided this is how we're going
18	to best be able to both try to meet our obligation and
19	also service these existing customers while giving the
20	opportunity to expand.
21	MR. KINZELL: Okay. I saw that somebody
22	mentioned in the report that the fire chief had said
23	it would benefit the Town to add a fire hydrant. That
24	could have been taken into account. Was that
25	commented on?



1 MR. IINFANTOLINO: It was part of the 2 application. 3 MR. KINZELL: Was it commented on by the Town as part of the denial at all? 4 5 MR. MINEAU: Not that I am aware of, no. 6 MS. ROCHA: This is in the record, but to 7 be clear, the applicant that you guys didn't get to 8 hear at 68 provided the hydrant. Then the next 9 hydrant would have been Mr. Saletan's property. 10 MR. KINZELL: I have tons of questions, 11 but that is good for now. Thank you. 12 MR. SMITH: Attorney Daniels, is it the 13 Town's position -- cut to the chase, just apply it to 14 Jamestown; this case is Jamestown. Is it your 15 position if the Town says there is not enough supply, 16 the general law is not applicable; is that your 17 position? It sounds like it. 18 That is part of it. MS. DANIELS: What 19 we have to start with, you start with the district, 20 though. 21 MR. SMITH: Is it the Town's position, if the Town determines of its own regulations, we'll get 22 23 to that in a second, insufficient supply of water to 24 make the extension, or the connection for that matter, 25 or both, that you do not have to apply the state



1 statute; do you agree? 2 MS. DANIELS: No. What I have to say, applying the statute doesn't accommodate for that. 3 4 Under the statute, regardless of whether we have, if 5 we're only looking at amendments, regardless of whether we have it, we still have to provide it, if 6 7 that's the determination that you only look at those 8 elements. 9 MR. SMITH: Are you agreeing with me or 10 disagreeing with me? 11 MS. DANIELS: I'm kind of disagreeing. 12 MR. SMITH: You're kind of agreeing? 13 MS. DANIELS: What you're saying is, 14 you're saying that our position is, oh, we've proven 15 we cannot show water. 16 MR. SMITH: What I've listened to, what 17 I've read, is your position is essentially if we don't 18 say there is enough water, we don't apply the general 19 law. 20 MS. DANIELS: No. 21 MR. SMITH: Through our local regs, 22 absolutely. 23 MS. DANIELS: The position is the 24 particular district service area, if you're in the 25 service area and you want to extend a water main,



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because we have determined that that's the service 1 2 area this far under the special Enabling Act, then 3 those standards apply. 4 These people are not within MR. SMITH: 5 the service area. I will rephrase my question. If an 6 applicant is not in an existing service area and you 7 determine there is insufficient supply to extend to 8 that area, you do not need to apply the general law; 9 is that your position? 10 MS. DANIELS: Right, because we made the 11 determination our service area is limited under the 12 act. Let me correct that. It's not that we don't 13 apply the statute. The statute doesn't apply. That's 14 how you harmonize it. You have to harmonize it. 15 MR. SMITH: That's semantics. You either 16 apply it or you don't. 17 MS. DANIELS: That's the difference. 18 Does it apply or doesn't it? 19 MR. SMITH: In the Town's brief you cite 20 Section 2 for enacting these regulations. 21 MS. DANIELS: Oh, of the 1968 public law? 22 MR. SMITH: Yes, public law. I read 23 Section 2. Section 2 has to do with the internal 24 organization of the board. That's it. You get to 25 organize, you get to be president, town board,



1 whatever. How do you extrapolate that out to expand 2 to where you are now? 3 MS. DANIELS: Every commission, even that 4 provision says --5 MR. SMITH: Take your time to read. То 6 me, it's clearly intended to allow the town or board 7 to organize itself internally. It's an internal, 8 general subject is allowing the town to internally 9 organize its board, or whatever you want to call it. 10 MS. DANIELS: I would disagree that it's 11 restricted to this. 12 MR. SMITH: Show me where it says, can 13 you cite in Section 2, which is cited in your briefs, 14 can you show me where it says you have the extra 15 authority, other than to organize internally, even 16 promulgate the regulations you're putting over the 17 board? 18 MS. DANIELS: I don't know if I printed 19 them all. Let me take a peek at my notes. Oh, the 20 transaction of their affairs. When they have the 21 transaction of their affairs, part of their affairs, 22 include providing of the water services, so if you 23 read it otherwise, then what you're suggesting is that 24 we don't operate with regulations. 25 MR. SMITH: I'm reading this. It applies



1 to the transaction of the board's affair, how you 2 conduct internal business internally. 3 MS. DANIELS: I think what you're saying then, we can't operate under the regulations. I'm not 4 5 sure I understand that. 6 The Town has repeated, cited MR. SMITH: 7 everything I read. The public law trumps the general 8 law in a right to appeal and/or specifically Section 2 9 allows you to do that, promulgate these regulations, 10 which, by the way, are a catch-all. 11 It's almost an impossible standard for an 12 applicant outside the water district to extend a 13 connection or a transmission line, and would improve 14 the function, quality and water supply. It detracts 15 from the existing law. It has to, by definition. Ι 16 don't know how an applicant outside an existing area 17 would ever prove under that standard. 18 Assume you have the right, you have to establish 19 that standard, which I'm not sold on. I'll hold off. 20 I think that you have a rather expansive reading of 21 Section 2 of your public law. 22 MS. DANIELS: Okay. 23 MR. SMITH: I have further questions, but 24 I'm not going to ask them until later. 25 MS. BRADY: Any further questions from



1	the other members? Go ahead and take another crack.
2	MR. HOUDE: I have one more. If a main
3	extension were to take place to these four properties,
4	are there any other frontages that the water main
5	would traverse beyond these four properties? In other
6	words, could there be a additional property that would
7	benefit by these?
8	MS. ROCHA: There are a couple.
9	VOICE: There is one.
10	MS. ROCHA: There is one.
11	MR. HOUDE: They have a viable well at
12	this point?
13	MS. ROCHA: Yes. To be clear, again,
14	connections in the rural water district can apply and
15	be granted not under this, regardless of capacity.
16	MR. MINEAU: If I could make one
17	additional point on the issue of the standard from the
18	Town's regulation, that regulation has the provision
19	in Section B4 which purports to expressly prohibit
20	extensions within the rural district.
21	Right beneath that there is this ambiguous
22	catch-all that seems to give the Town blanket
23	discretion based on a very ambiguous standard when
24	they may choose to apply either the state statute, or
25	their own regulations, or when they might choose to

1 simply approve an extension.

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You know, if there is even a question from the Town as to whether that proposed extension would be an improvement, which in some cases they may not even pursue that analysis, but if they do, it really is an impossible standard for applicants to meet. I could not agree more with those comments.

MS. BRADY: We're running very short on time. Unfortunately, we do have to be out of this room at 12:30. We have to be out by 1:00, but we need to clean up everything that is here.

As Cathy reminds me, we need to set a new date. It sounds like the next step for us will be to have a public meeting, so we have discussion before we make a determination. Our last proposal for a date was April 8, which the Town cannot make. I would like to ask us to look at our calendars so we can pick a time while we are all here. It would be much easier for us.

I would also suggest if there are some questions from the panel members, myself included, and staff and our attorney, if we can say that within the week we will get those out to the parties. If we can get, ask some questions in writing, we can get some answers prior to the next date that we set, that would be



1 helpful in our discussion. 2 We won't have any more testimony or contributions 3 at the next occurrence of this meeting, but we will 4 have public discussion which we would love to have 5 some additional answers. 6 (OFF THE RECORD) 7 MS. BRADY: We aren't necessarily 8 quaranteed to be back here, but we will find an 9 appropriate room. If we can do it, we're going to try to do it maybe in our own building in Room 300 over at 10 11 I think we could get that set up in a way that DEM. 12 would be more user-friendly, not necessarily the long 13 conference table. We will find a good location for 14 that. 15 MR. INFANTOLINO: There will be an agenda 16 sent out once it's all solidified? 17 MS. BRADY: These have to be public 18 meetings. Definitely make sure the agenda is sent 19 out. Within a week we will create written questions 20 we would love to get answers for. If it's the 7th, 21 what is that, that makes it the 31st, or maybe the 22 30th. I don't like putting deadlines on April 1; you 23 never know what is real. Close of business on the 24 31st to answer anything. We'll try to get it out as 25 soon as we can.



1	It doesn't have to be a week. I would like to
2	figure out if anybody has any questions. You can
3	e-mail Cathy, e-mail Cathy. Don't copy anybody else
4	with any questions you might still have. We'll talk
5	to your attorney as well and get some questions
6	together to send out. Try to not make it war and
7	peace as far as questions. We'll send it to all
8	parties.
9	We very much appreciate your attendance today.
10	The information you provided, it's helpful to us. It
11	will hopefully move us to the next meeting and having
12	a recommendation to the board. I am adjourning this
13	panel.
14	(HEARING CLOSED AT 12:30 P.M.)
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16	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 04/07/2026
15	ELIZABETH GREELEY, NOTARY PUBLIC CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER
14	Elizabeth Greeley
13	la la p
12	
11	
10	
9	24th day of March , 2025.
8	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
7	requested by any parties involved upon completion of the deposition.
6	Reading and signing of the transcript was not
5	Rule 28 of said Rules; that the transcript contains a true record of the proceedings.
4	to Rules of Civil Procedure of the Superior Court; especially, but without restriction thereto, under
3	certify that I am expressly approved as a person qualified and authorized to take depositions pursuant
2	I, ELIZABETH GREELEY, a Notary Public, do hereby
1	C-E-R-T-I-F-I-C-A-T-E